Lori G. Levin, Executive Director



# ILLINOIS CRIMINAL JUSTICE INFORMATION AUTHORITY 2008 ANNUAL REPORT

Grants administration, criminal justice research, and information technology



## To the Governor and the Honorable Members of the General Assembly:



Lori G. Levin

n behalf of the members and staff of the Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority, I am pleased to present the Authority's Fiscal Year 2008 Annual Report. This report highlights efforts made by the Authority throughout the year in the areas of criminal justice grants administration, policy and planning, research, and information systems.

Staff administered 523 individual grants during the fiscal year. Federal funds were allocated to programs that support law enforcement, combat drug and violent crime, and provide substance abuse services to the state's inmate population. In addition, more than 78,000 domestic violence and sexual assault victims were served last year by programs supported

with Authority-administered Victims of Crime Act and Violence Against Women Act funding.

Several research initiatives were under way during the fiscal year. Authority researchers completed a comprehensive, statistical report covering a decade of Illinois crime and justice trends. The first large-scale report of its kind since 1997, *Trends and Issues 2008: A profile of criminal and juvenile justice* is a valuable resource for criminal justice policymakers and practitioners, highlighting trends in law enforcement, courts, corrections, and victim services.

Staff also began to examine Illinois college campus crime trends. Trend analyses were initiated on reported burglaries, motor vehicle thefts, arsons, homicide and negligent manslaughters, sex offenses, robberies, and aggravated assaults between 2001 and 2007 at all Title IV schools across the state with student enrollment of 2,500 or more. Researchers also will determine where crimes most often occur on and around college campuses.

Staff collaborated with DePaul University researchers to study the process by which young girls are recruited into the sex trade industry in the Chicago metropolitan area. Staff also completed research on child sexual exploitation in Illinois, including characteristics of victims, pathways to victimization, needs of youth exiting exploitative situations, and the responses of law enforcement.

The Authority continued to oversee, develop, and implement innovative criminal justice information systems. Staff continued to manage the Clandestine Lab Reporting Information System, a web-based data collection system for reporting and analysis of lab seizure data used mainly by law enforcement agencies in Illinois. The system helps eliminate gaps in the drug information network that records the growing methamphetamine problem in the United States. Collected data is useful in determining types, numbers, and locations of laboratories seized, manufacturing trends, and the number of children and law enforcement officers affected by meth-related crimes. The data also is useful to agencies in justifying and allocating current or future resources.

Authority staff also improved InfoNet, the agency's state-of-the-art victim data collection system. During the fiscal year, InfoNet was upgraded to collect race and ethnicity data, making the system consistent with U.S. Census Bureau data collection practices. Used by domestic violence and sexual assault service providers and child advocacy centers across Illinois, InfoNet allows client population analysis, the ability to measure victim program effectiveness, and accessibility to timely and accurate information used to formulate victim policy and planning initiatives.

We look forward to continuing our partnership with the criminal justice community, the legislature, and the general public in fulfilling our mission of improving the administration of criminal justice in Illinois.

Lori G. Levin Executive Director

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## Mission

Created in 1983, the Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority is a state agency dedicated to improving the administration of criminal justice.

The Authority brings together key leaders from the justice system and the public to identify critical issues facing the criminal justice system in Illinois, and to propose and evaluate policies, programs, and legislation that address those issues. The agency also works to ensure the criminal justice system in Illinois is efficient and effective.

The Authority's specific powers and duties are detailed in the Illinois Criminal Justice Information Act [20 ILCS 3930].

The statutory responsibilities of the Authority fit into four areas: grants administration; research and analysis; policy and planning; and information systems and technology.

#### Grants administration

The Authority:

- Implements and funds victim assistance and law enforcement programs under the Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant program, Residential Substance Abuse Treatment Program, Victims of Crime Act, Violence Against Women Act, and other grant programs as they become available.
- Monitors program activity and provides technical assistance to grantees.
- Provides staff support to the Illinois Motor Vehicle Theft Prevention Council, an 11member board working to curb motor vehicle theft.
- Coordinates the Juvenile Crime Enforcement Coalition, charged with evaluating statewide juvenile crime prevention needs and overseeing juvenile crime prevention planning initiatives.

#### Research and analysis

The Authority:

• Publishes research studies that analyze a variety of crime trends and criminal justice issues.

- Acts as a clearinghouse for information and research on crime and the criminal justice system.
- Audits the state central repositories of criminal history record information for data accuracy and completeness.
- Develops and tests statistical methodologies and provides statistical advice and interpretation to support criminal justice decisionmaking.

#### Policy and planning

The Authority:

- Develops and implements comprehensive strategies for drug and violent crime law enforcement, crime control and prevention, and assistance to crime victims using federal funds awarded to Illinois.
- Advises the governor and the General Assembly on criminal justice policies and legislation.
- Coordinates policymaking groups to learn about ongoing concerns of criminal justice officials.
- Develops and evaluates state and local programs for improving law enforcement and the administration of criminal justice.

#### Information systems and technology

The Authority:

- Designs, develops, and supports systems which enhance the quality of victim service data.
- Serves as the sole administrative appeal body for determining citizen challenges to the accuracy of their criminal history records.
- Monitors the operation of existing criminal justice information systems to protect the constitutional rights and privacy of citizens.
- Supports the development of an integrated criminal justice information network in Illinois.

# **Authority Values Statement**

The Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority is dedicated to improving the administration of criminal justice in the state. The Authority works to identify critical issues facing the criminal justice system and proposes legislation, programs, and policies that address those issues. The Authority also strives to ensure the criminal justice system is as efficient and effective as possible. Authority staff are guided by the following values as they work to fulfill this mission.

#### Integrity

We believe in personal and professional integrity. We take pride in the Authority's mission and in maintaining and building on the agency's reputation for producing high quality work that is accurate, honest, fair, timely, and ethical. To that end, we will conduct our activities and ourselves in a manner that earns the public's trust and inspires confidence in our work. We will seek to encourage public feedback on our activities and public participation in planning activities and meetings.

#### Leadership

We are committed to supporting and developing staff leadership at all levels. Authority managers should lead by supporting innovation and by providing purpose, direction, example, and motivation while working toward the Authority's mission and improving the Authority. Our staff is encouraged to exercise leadership in motivating subordinates, coworkers, and/or supervisors to accomplish the Authority's mission and to adhere to the values established by the Authority. When appropriate, the Authority, as an organization, should assume a leadership role in the criminal justice system.

#### Diversity

We believe in an environment that supports and encourages a diverse workplace. We are committed to creating a comfortable and effective work environment; building rapport between people who are culturally, racially, and by gender different; utilizing the diverse ideas and experiences of all people in the workplace; supporting the right of every individual to be treated with fairness, consideration and respect; and enhancing our organizational culture by continuously improving human resource practices so that all staff feel welcome, their differences are valued, and they are supported in their work.

#### Professional development

We believe the most important asset of the Authority is its staff, and believe in giving each employee a chance to realize his or her fullest potential. We are committed to enhancing and expanding the skills, knowledge, and expertise of our staff. Therefore, we will work to meet training needs and promote individual as well as collective career enhancement.

#### **Public service**

We recognize that as a government agency, we serve the public. We understand that our purpose is to serve the best interests of the public. To maximize the use of public funds in support of our mission, we will strive to operate in a cost-effective and efficient manner, and support programs that operate in such a manner. We acknowledge our responsibility to disseminate information to maintain our accountability to the public.

#### Respect

We are committed to cooperation and teamwork and will keep the value of those with whom we associate, inside and outside of the Authority, at the forefront as we pursue the Authority's mission. We will strive to treat others with consideration, common courtesy, and dignity.

#### Teamwork and collaboration

We value teamwork and collaboration. We seek an atmosphere where individual talents and organizational expertise are combined to achieve successful outcomes. Internally, we will foster shared participation, responsibility, and recognition among staff at all levels and across functional units. Externally, we will facilitate constructive relationships among policymakers, criminal justice agencies, and stakeholders throughout the criminal justice system.

#### Excellence

We believe all our work must be of high quality. That is, it should be useful, informative, timely, complete, accurate, cost effective, objective, free from bias, accessible, and reflective of the best professional practice. We also believe that the work of any one staff person reflects upon the work of the entire Authority. We expect all staff members to generate high-quality work products.

## Composition and membership

The Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority is governed by a 21-member board of state and local leaders in the criminal justice community, and experts from the private sector. The Authority is supported by a full-time professional staff working out of the agency's office in Chicago.

The Authority is led by a chairman, who is appointed by the governor from among the board's members. The Authority is required to meet at least four times a year.

Authority members set agency priorities, track the progress of ongoing programs, and monitor the agency's budget. By law, the Authority includes:

- Two police chiefs (Chicago and another municipality).
- Two sheriffs (Cook and another county).
- Two state's attorneys (Cook and another county).
- Two circuit court clerks (Cook and another county).
- Illinois attorney general (or designee).
- Director, Illinois State Police.
- Director, Illinois Department of Corrections.
- Director, Office of the State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor.
- Director, Office of the State Appellate Defender.
- Executive director, Illinois Law Enforcement Training and Standards Board.
- Cook County Board president.
- Six members of the public.

Authority members include (with one board vacancy):

#### Anita Alvarez

Anita Alvarez was sworn in as Cook County's first female and first Hispanic state's attorney in December 2008. Ms. Alvarez began her career in the Cook County State's Attorney's Office in 1986 and steadily worked her way up through the ranks, handling hundreds of felony cases ranging from homicide, narcotics, armed robbery, criminal sexual assaults, and domestic violence. She has argued before the Illinois Appellate Court and tried more than 50 felony jury trials. Prior to her election as state's attorney, Ms. Alvarez served as chief deputy state's attorney; chief of staff to the state's attorney; chief of the Special Prosecutions Bureau; deputy chief of the Narcotics Bureau, and supervisor of the Public Integrity Unit. She also spent more than three years in the Gang Crimes Unit where she prosecuted gang-related homicides. Ms. Alvarez is first vice president of the Chicago Bar Association.

#### David P. Bradford

David Bradford is the chief of police in Glen Carbon. With more than 20 years of Illinois municipal law enforcement experience, Mr. Bradford is a certified police chief by the Illinois Association of Chiefs of Police. He earned a master's in public administration from Southern Illinois University, Edwardsville, and his articles on various aspects of law enforcement have been published in national publications.

#### **Dorothy Brown**

Dorothy Brown was first elected Cook County Circuit Clerk in 2000, becoming the first African American to hold the position. She was re-elected in 2004 and again in 2008. Ms. Brown holds a master's in business administration, and a juris doctorate of law, and is a certified public accountant. As the official keeper of records for all judicial matters brought into one of the largest unified court systems in the world, Ms. Brown manages an annual operating budget of more than \$100 million and a workforce of more than 2,300 employees.

#### Tom Dart

Tom Dart was sworn in as the 52nd Cook County Sheriff in December 2006. Mr. Dart began his career in public service as an assistant state's attorney in Cook County. In 1992, Mr. Dart won a seat in the Illinois House, where he sponsored Mayor Daley's Safe Neighborhoods Act and authored several state laws designed to crack down on child sex offenders, including a statute that targeted child predators who use the Internet to lure young victims. Mr. Dart also wrote the Sexually Violent Predators Commitment Act, enabling judges to detain sexual predators in state mental health facilities if they believe the offender is likely to commit new sex crimes. Mr. Dart joined the Cook County Sheriff's Office in 2003, where he served as chief of staff to former Cook County Sheriff Michael F. Sheahan.

#### Patrick Delfino

Patrick Delfino was appointed director of the Office of the State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor in December 2008. Mr. Delfino is a graduate of the University of Notre Dame Law School and is an experienced trial and appellate attorney. Before joining the appellate prosecutor's office as assistant director, Mr. Delfino served as a drug attorney and court specialist with the Illinois Law Enforcement Commission and as the Cook County State's Attorney's Office Director of Planning and Special Projects. Mr. Delfino has taught both at college and law school, and he is a member of the Sex Offender Management Board and the Children's Justice Task Force of the Department of Children and Family Services. Mr. Delfino also serves as executive director of the Illinois State's Attorneys Association.

#### Bradley G. Demuzio

Bradley G. Demuzio became director of the Secretary of State Police Department in 2002. He served as the chief deputy director of operations for that department from 1999 to 2002. Prior to that, he spent 13 years as an investigator for the Office of the Attorney General. From 1984 to 1986, he worked in the child support division of the Cook County State's Attorney's Office. He is a graduate of the FBI National Academy and the FBI Law Enforcement Executive Development Seminar, and is a member of the Illinois Association of Chiefs of Police, the Illinois Sheriff's Association, and the International Association of Chiefs of Police.

#### Barbara L. Engel

Barbara L. Engel has worked on behalf of crime victims in Illinois for more than 30 years. Ms. Engel is a board member of the Chicago Abused Women Coalition, the Community Justice for Youth Institute and the City of Chicago's Domestic Violence Advocacy Coordinating Council. She is on the advisory council for Rise Children's Center and member of both the Illinois Center for Violence Prevention's Leadership Council and the Alumni Council of the Chicago Foundation for Women. Ms. Engel is cofounder of the Chicago Metropolitan Battered Women's Network and past director of Women's Services at the YWCA of Metropolitan Chicago.

#### **Becky Jansen**

Becky Jansen was elected Effingham County Circuit Clerk in 2004 and re-elected in 2008, after 16 years of service to the office in various capacities. Ms. Jansen is vice president of the Illinois Association of Circuit Court Clerks, and a past president of the local Business & Professional Women's chapter. She is also a member of the Illinois Association of County Officials and the Effingham Sunrise Rotary.

#### Thomas J. Jurkanin

Thomas J. Jurkanin was appointed executive director of the Illinois Law Enforcement Training and Standards Board in April 1992. With more than 30 years of experience in the criminal justice field, he holds a doctorate in education from Southern Illinois University at Carbondale. Dr. Jurkanin obtained both bachelor's and master's degrees in social justice from the University of Illinois at Springfield. He is senior editor of the Law Enforcement Executive Forum and co-authored a book entitled, "Enduring, Surviving, Thriving as a Law Enforcement Executive," published by Charles C. Thomas. Dr. Jurkanin also published a book entitled, "Chicago Police: An Inside View." He is vice chairman of the Governor's Law Enforcement Medal of Honor Committee and a member of the International Association of Chiefs of Police Education and Training Committee.

#### Lisa Madigan

Lisa Madigan was elected as the state's first female attorney general in 2002 and was re-elected to the post in 2006. Since becoming attorney general, Ms. Madigan has dedicated the energy and resources of her office to protecting women and children from sexual predators on the streets and on the Internet. She also has implemented a series of proactive law enforcement strategies to combat the spread of methamphetamine throughout the state. Ms. Madigan is a leader in the public's fight for open and accessible government, and she also has been credited with restoring integrity to Illinois' gambling industry. Prior to becoming attorney general, Ms. Madigan served as a state senator representing the 17th District on Chicago's North Side.

#### William A. Mudge

William A. Mudge was appointed Madison County State's Attorney in November 2002. He was elected to a full term in 2004, and re-elected in 2008. He has a variety of legal experience dating back to 1985, both as an assistant state's attorney and assistant public defender. Mr. Mudge chaired the U.S. Senate Judicial Nominating Commission for the Southern District of Illinois in 1999. He has worked with federal officials on gun crime initiatives, and participated in improving quality of life issues for local communities under the federal and local government Weed and Seed partnership.

#### Eugene E. Murphy Jr.

Eugene E. Murphy Jr. is an attorney in private practice focusing on commercial and corporate litigation, white collar defense, and governmental litigation. Mr. Murphy has a variety of legal experience dating back to 1987. He presently manages the national litigation practice of Murphy & Hourihane, LLC. Earlier in his career while an assistant state's attorney with the Cook County State's Attorney's Office, Mr. Murphy directed the investigation and prosecution of high profile financial crimes committed by business owners, corporate executives, and government officials.

#### **Michael Pelletier**

Michael Pelletier was named director of the Office of the State Appellate Defender in December 2007. Mr. Pelletier has spent his entire legal career with the Office of the State Appellate Defender, beginning as an assistant appellate defender in Ottawa in 1976. Prior to his appointment as director, Mr. Pelletier served for 20 years as the deputy defender and chief administrator in the First District office in Chicago overseeing a staff of 120. Mr. Pelletier received his juris doctor degree in 1976 from The John Marshall Law School and a B.A. degree in political science from Northern Illinois University in 1972. He is a member of the Illinois State Bar Association and its Criminal Justice Section and a former member of the Section Council. He is also a member of the Appellate Lawyers Association and a former member of its board of directors, and he is a member of the National Legal Aid and Defender Association. He is a commissioner on the Criminal Law Edit Align and Rewrite (CLEAR) Commission.

#### Sheldon Sorosky, chairman

Sheldon Sorosky is an attorney in private practice. He was an assistant state's attorney with the Cook County State's Attorney's Office from 1967 to 1972, and then entered private practice as a criminal defense lawyer.

#### Mariyana Spyropoulos

Mariyana Spyropoulos is an attorney in private practice. She was an assistant state's attorney with the Cook County State's Attorney's Office from 1997 to 2000. She also served as a hearing officer with the Illinois Office of the Secretary of State from 2000 to 2005. She is a member of the Chicago Bar Association, Illinois State Bar Association, American Bar Association, and Women's Bar Association.

#### Todd H. Stroger

Todd H. Stroger was sworn in as the 33<sup>rd</sup> president of the Cook County Board of Commissioners in December 2006. In 1992, Mr. Stroger was elected state representative of the 31st Legislative District, where he worked to control taxes and reduce spending, increase access to affordable health care, and eliminate wage discrimination against women. In 2001, Mr. Stroger was appointed by Mayor Richard M. Daley to fill the office of late Chicago Ald. Lorraine Dixon and was re-elected to that office in 2003.

#### John Z. Toscas

John Z. Toscas is a former prosecutor currently in private practice with a concentration in local government law. Mr. Toscas is the elected assessor of Worth Township, is past president of School District 130, and is a former Worth Township trustee. He is an arbitrator with the Circuit Court of Cook County and an administrative hearing officer for several municipalities. Mr. Toscas was a director in the Cook County Sheriff's Office and police officer for more than 12 years before becoming an attorney.

### Larry G. Trent

Larry G. Trent was appointed director of the Illinois State Police (ISP) in 2003. Mr. Trent has an extensive law enforcement background, which began in 1971 as an Illinois state trooper. He has held a variety of investigative and management positions throughout his ISP career, receiving six promotions, and numerous federal and state commendations. Mr. Trent attended graduate school at the University of Louisville and the National Executive Institute at the FBI Academy. He is a decorated Vietnam combat veteran and a member of the Veterans of Foreign Wars and American Legion.

#### Roger E. Walker Jr.

Roger E. Walker Jr. was appointed director of the Illinois Department of Corrections in 2003. Mr. Walker began his law enforcement career in 1972 with the Macon County Sheriff's Office, moving through the ranks as a patrol officer, detective, patrol sergeant, and lieutenant. He was elected Macon County Sheriff in 1998 and ran unopposed in 2002 to become the first African American elected as a county sheriff in Illinois. He is a past vice president of the Land of Lincoln Chapter of the National Organization of Black Law Enforcement Executives. Director Walker also is a member of the Association of State Correctional Administrators, American Correctional Association, Illinois Sheriff's Association, and National Sheriff's Association. He was a recipient of the Illinois State Bar Association Law Enforcement Award in 2002.

#### Jody Weis

Jody Weis was appointed Chicago Police Department Superintendent in November 2007. Mr. Weis has an extensive law enforcement background with more than 20 years of FBI service in a variety of leadership capacities working on terrorism, narcotics, and violent crime issues. Prior to his appointment as Chicago Police Department Superintendent, Mr. Weis served as a special agent with FBI's Philadelphia Field Office, where he led a diverse team of professionals assigned to fighting domestic and international terrorism and combating other criminal matters in eastern Pennsylvania. From 2000 to 2003, he served as assistant special agent in charge of the FBI Chicago Field Offices White Collar Crime, Organized Crime, Violent Crime, and Administrative Programs. He also has served as deputy assistant director of the FBI Office of Professional Responsibility and as a criminal special agent in charge in Los Angeles, Calif.

## Committees

The Authority has both ad hoc and standing committees. The Authority chairman appoints committee chairs and vice chairs. Non-Authority members may be appointed to *ad hoc* committees as long as the committees include at least one Authority member. Standing committees help direct and review much of the agency's work. With the exception of the Appeals Committee, standing committees consist of at least seven members of the Authority.

#### **Budget Committee**

The Budget Committee reviews the Authority's budget. It receives fiscal reports about the funds made available to further the purposes of the Illinois Criminal Justice Information Act and oversees grant award procedures of the Authority. In addition, committee members may present testimony and advocate for the Authority's budget request before the governor and General Assembly.

#### Information Systems Committee

The Information Systems Committee reviews and monitors the development and operation of comprehensive information systems in Illinois. The committee also oversees the annual and periodic audits of the state central repositories of criminal history records, as provided in the Illinois Criminal Justice Information Act, and evaluates programs and makes recommendations regarding proper reporting of dispositions to the Illinois State Police by state's attorneys and clerks of the circuit courts. In addition, the committee reviews integration efforts to ensure that they fall within the broader goals of statewide justice information systems coordination.

#### Planning and Research Committee

The Planning and Research Committee reviews the research projects, proposals, and programs of the Authority's Research & Analysis Unit, and evaluates and correlates state and local programs, as provided in the Illinois Criminal Justice Information Act. The Planning and Research Committee also helps determine research and evaluation priorities that meet the needs of decision-makers. The committee oversees the Institutional Review Board to ensure the protection of human research subjects and compliance with applicable laws and regulations. The board reviews all research involving human subjects that is conducted, sponsored, or supported by the Authority.

### Legislation and Regulations Committee

This committee reviews criminal justice-related legislation and regulations proposed by Authority staff and other agencies. It also provides testimony and makes recommendations to the governor and General Assembly, as provided in the Illinois Criminal Justice Information Act. The committee studies and recommends regulations to ensure the privacy and security of criminal history record information as required by law.

#### **Appeals Committee**

The Appeals Committee decides administrative appeals by citizens who have challenged the accuracy and completeness of their state criminal history records.

## Staff organization

While Authority members set priorities for the agency and monitor their progress, the dayto-day work is carried out by Authority staff, who come from a variety of backgrounds and disciplines.

At the end of the fiscal year 2008, the Authority had 59 employees, with 55 on payroll and four contractual staff members. There were 23 staff vacancies. To maintain diversity, the agency aggressively pursues equal employment opportunities. As of June 30, 2008, the Authority's workforce was 54.5 percent female, 45.5 percent male, 67.3 percent white, 16.4 percent African American, 7.3 percent Asian, and 5.5 percent Hispanic.

#### Office of the Executive Director

The agency's executive director, who is appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the Illinois Senate, is responsible for the direction and administration of Authority staff. The executive director determines staff priorities and administers resources and programs needed to meet agency goals. The executive director also serves as liaison to the governor, General Assembly, Authority members, and state and national criminal justice officials and organizations.

#### Office of General Counsel

The general counsel provides legal services to the Authority, particularly in areas such as access to criminal justice information, privacy and security concerns, the Illinois Freedom of Information Act, and interagency funding agreements. The office directs the Authority's legislative program, and the general counsel serves as secretary to the Authority and the Motor Vehicle Theft Prevention Council. The general counsel also acts as chief of staff and, in the absence of the executive director, provides leadership, direction, and policymaking decisions for the Authority. The Office of General Counsel also oversees the Office of Public Information.

#### Office of Human Resources

The Office of Human Resources develops and oversees compliance with mandated programs and implements personnel policies. It also coordinates a variety of employee training initiatives, and administers employee benefit programs, compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, and the agency's annual Affirmative Action Plan.

#### Office of Administrative Services

The Office of Administrative Services is responsible for office security and the day-to-day general operations of the agency. This includes procurement of office equipment and supplies, telecommunications, inventory management, printing, and arrangements for meetings and travel.

#### Office of Fiscal Management

The Office of Fiscal Management formulates the Authority's annual budget, administers its financial transactions, and prepares mandated financial reports for the Office of the Comptroller, the U.S. Department of Justice, and other funding agencies. The office also oversees compliance with the Business Enterprise Program and the Fiscal Control and Internal Auditing Act.

#### Office of Public Information

The Office of Public Information manages media relations and external communications for the Authority. It oversees the editing, design, and production of research reports, brochures, guidebooks, the annual report, and other documents published by the Authority.

#### Federal & State Grants Unit

The Federal & State Grants Unit oversees federal and state assistance programs administered by the Authority, including 10 federal initiatives, including the Juvenile Accountability Block Grant program, Justice Assistance Grant program, Victims of Crime Act, and Violence Against Women Act, as well as the statefunded Motor Vehicle Theft Prevention Act. The unit is responsible for developing program strategies, recommending programs to be funded, and monitoring awards.

#### Research & Analysis Unit

The Research & Analysis Unit conducts research that supports criminal justice policy and program development. The unit serves as an information clearinghouse for criminal justice statistics and research. In addition, it collects, analyzes, and disseminates



information on the extent and nature of drug and violent crime in Illinois, and performs evaluations of crime control programs. It also develops statistical methodologies and provides statistical advice and interpretation to support criminal justice decisionmaking and information needs.

#### Information Systems Unit

The Information Systems Unit develops and manages the Authority's computerized information systems, including the Computerized Lab Reporting Information System, InfoNet, and the Motor Vehicle Automated Reporting System. The unit is responsible for software development, systems operations, and technical support. The unit also provides technical support for in-house systems and computer users.

## Illinois Integrated Justice Information System Implementation Board

The Illinois Integrated Justice Information System (IIJIS) Implementation Board, through its various committees, continued in its efforts to develop a plan for statewide integrated criminal justice information sharing in FY08.

Significant accomplishments during the fiscal year include revision of the IIJIS strategic plan, development of a statewide justice systems survey to assess the integration and information sharing needs, capabilities, and capacity of key stakeholder agencies throughout the Illinois, and planning initiation of the 2009 IIJIS Summit, a biennial event.

The IIJIS Planning and Policy Committee reviewed the mission, vision and value statements from the Illinois Integrated Justice System 2003-2004 Strategic Plan to determine whether they were still relevant to the initiative. The committee also vetted each of the strategic issues that addressed the areas of governance, including:

- Integrated collecting and sharing of justice data, privacy protection.
- Sufficient and coordinated funding and other resources for integration.
- The establishment of standards and regulations for data sharing and infrastructure development.
- The securing of reliable, effective, and efficient information technology that facilitates justice information sharing.
- Biometric technologies.

The Strategic Direction for Enterprise Information Sharing 2008-2012 is nearing completion.

IIJIS committee members developed a needs assessment survey on justice integration and information sharing for key stakeholders throughout the state. County state's attorneys, circuit court clerks, county sheriffs, and probation and court services directors will be surveyed, along with a sampling of the law enforcement community throughout Illinois.

The results of these surveys will provide valuable data to help promote the integration of justice information systems and the development of systems that enhance integration. Survey responses will also help the Implementation Board in its efforts to coordinate funding of integration throughout the state. In FY08, the Outreach Committee began developing an informational Power Point presentation to be used with other educational materials in an effort to promote the IIJIS initiative.

The Outreach Committee also spearheaded planning of the next IIJIS Summit, which will showcase county-level integration successes. About 250 participants are expected attend the Summit, tentatively slated for August 2009.

Also in FY08, the IIJIS Funding Committee continued efforts to identify funding opportunities from private foundations and grant makers outside the justice community.

The 26-member IIJIS Implementation Board was created by Executive Order 2003-16 to implement the Illinois Integrated Justice Information System 2003-2004 Strategic Plan. The work of the Implementation Board is supported by staff from the Authority, Illinois State Police, and other agencies throughout the state.

In addition to promoting the integration of justice information systems throughout Illinois, the board is charged with:

- Coordinating the development, adoption, and implementation of plans and strategies for sharing justice information.
- Coordinating the development of systems that enhance integration.
- Establishing standards to facilitate the electronic sharing of justice information.
- Promulgating policies that protect individuals' privacy rights related to the sharing of justice information.

For more information, visit the IIJIS website at www.icjia.state.il.us/iijis.

## Motor Vehicle Theft Prevention Council

With the support of the insurance industry, the General Assembly established the Illinois Motor Vehicle Theft Prevention Council in 1991 to combat vehicle theft, insurance fraud, and related crimes. The 11-member Council is made up of law enforcement and insurance industry officials. Day-today work of the Council is carried out by Authority staff.

The Council's responsibilities, as listed in the Illinois Motor Vehicle Theft Prevention Act, include assessing the scope of motor vehicle theft, particularly in those areas of the state with the highest theft rates, allocating funds made available for the purpose of the act, and developing and implementing strategies to combat motor vehicle theft.

The Act requires that certain insurance companies pay into a special trust fund in the state treasury. Insurance companies licensed to write private passenger comprehensive coverage are required to pay \$1 into the fund annually for each vehicle insured in the previous year. Collected and administered by the Council, contributions to the fund totalled \$6.4 million in 2008.

The Council allocates grants supporting programs such as special auto theft task forces and investigative teams, prosecutions, statewide audits of

#### Council highlights: 1991 to FY08

Investigations initiated	26,578
Audits of vehicle businesses	42,951
Arrests made	13,042
Convictions obtained	5,359
Vehicles recovered	31,856
Value of recoveries\$2	60 million

salvage yards, public education, officer training, and data analysis. The Council funded 12 programs in FY08.

#### Vehicle thefts down 55 percent

Reports of motor vehicle theft in Illinois dropped 55 percent between 1991, when the Council was created, and calendar year 2008. The 34,280 vehicles reported stolen in 2008 represented 3,620 fewer stolen than in the previous year.

For more information or a copy of the Motor Vehicle Theft Prevention Council Annual Report, call (312) 793-8550, or visit the MVTPC website at www.icjia.state.il.us/mv.

#### Motor Vehicle Theft Prevention Council grants

The Authority awarded MVTPC grant funds to the following programs for calendar year 2008. Funds distributed during the fiscal year may differ from the total award received for each program.

#### Program

Beat Auto Theft Through Law Enforcement Insurance Vehicle Expense Fund Kane County Auto Theft Task Force Metro East Auto Theft Task Force Motor Vehicle Theft Intelligence Clearinghouse Motor vehicle theft prevention training Motor Vehicle Theft Prosecution Unit Northeast Metro Auto Theft Task Force Northern Illinois Auto Theft Task Force Special audit teams State and Local Auto Theft Enforcement Tri-County Auto Theft Task Force

State funds awarded
\$440,199
\$63,590
\$397,637
\$699,978
\$374,596
\$143,305
\$739,829
\$388,796
\$617,710
\$1,313,654
\$405,708
\$788,837

## Federal and state grants

The Federal & State Grants Unit (FSGU) administers grant programs overseen by the Authority. Authorized under the Authority's power to receive and disburse grant money, this responsibility includes assuring compliance with federal and state regulations.

The Authority began administering federal grants in 1985, following the passage of the Justice Assistance Act and the Victims of Crime Act by Congress. In FY08, 15 staff members administered 523 individual grants under one state and 10 federal programs, with more than \$52 million in disbursements for the fiscal year.

FSGU staff perform a variety of functions in developing, implementing, and monitoring state and local programs. These tasks include planning, program development, technical assistance, coordination, and administration.

#### Anti-Drug Abuse Act

The federal Anti-Drug Abuse Act (ADAA) of 1988, also known as the Edward Byrne Memorial State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance Program, supports government programs that enable the enforcement of Illinois drug laws and help decrease violent crime. More than \$2 million in ADAA funds were disbursed in FY08. Of the 66 programs supported with these funds, six were statewide.

A minimum of 65.51 percent of the funds received must be passed through to local units of government and the remainder may be spent by state agencies. ADAA guidelines require that matching funds support at least 25 percent of each funded program's total cost. A federal fiscal year's program funds may be spent over a three-year term in accordance with a detailed strategy prepared every three years. With the exception of multijurisdictional drug and gang units and victim service initiatives, projects are funded for a maximum of 48 months. For a list of programs funded by ADAA in FY08, see page 22.

#### Justice Assistance Grants Program

The Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) program was designed to streamline justice funding and grant administration. The program blends funding for Edward Byrne Memorial State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance (also known as ADAA) and Local Law Enforcement Block Grant programs to provide agencies with the flexibility to prioritize and place justice funds where they are needed most.

JAG funds can be used for state and local initiatives, technical assistance, training, personnel, equipment, supplies, contractual support, and information systems for criminal justice for any one or more of the following purpose areas:

- Law enforcement.
- Prosecution and court.
- Prevention and education.
- · Corrections and community corrections.
- Drug treatment programs.
- Planning, evaluation, and technology improvement.
- Crime victim and witness programs.

JAG program planning incorporates the following priority areas:

**Priority 1**: Support prevention programs that help youth recognize risks associated with violent crime and drug use and target youth to reduce their use of violence, illicit drugs, alcohol, and tobacco products.

**Priority 2**: Support programs statewide that target prevention and early intervention for juveniles, with particular emphasis on the principals of balanced and restorative justice.

**Priority 3**: Support programs that enhance treatment effectiveness, quality, and services so that those who need treatment can receive it.

**Priority 4**: Support research that identifies what works in drug treatment and the prevention of drug use, violent crime, and their consequences.

**Priority 5**: Support programs that promote the efficiency and effectiveness of the criminal justice system.

**Priority 6**: Support efforts to implement an integrated justice system in Illinois that includes all components of the criminal justice system and includes every jurisdiction within the state.

**Priority 7**: Support efforts with law enforcement, prosecution, and probation to combat and disrupt drug trafficking, and test drug users.

The JAG Prevention and Education Programs purpose area states that funds must be allocated to support prevention programs that help youth recognize risks associated with violent crime and drug use, and target youth to reduce their use of violence, illicit drugs, alcohol, and tobacco products.

Illinois' federal fiscal year 2008 JAG allocation was \$4.7 million. In FY08, \$8.1 million in JAG funds were disbursed to 91 programs. See page 24 for a list of programs funded in FY08.

#### Juvenile Accountability Block Grants Program

Juvenile Accountability Block Grants (JABG) Program funding supports local efforts to reduce juvenile delinquency and crime, and hold young people, their families, and the juvenile justice system accountable for improving the quality of life in every community. Purpose areas include developing graduated sanctions and providing funding to train law enforcement and court personnel. Program requirements include establishing and maintaining restorative justice programs, hiring detention personnel, providing risk and needs assessment, and establishing a juvenile records system.

In FY08, the Authority disbursed more than \$1.5 million in JABG funds. These funds were used to support 32 juvenile justice programs throughout Illinois.

A minimum of 75 percent of the funds must be allocated to units of local government. Three-quarters of each unit of local government allocation is based on law enforcement expenditure data, and 25 percent on the average annual number of Uniform Crime Report Part 1 violent crime arrests. JABG guidelines require matching funds of 10 percent.

The Juvenile Accountability Incentive Block Grants (JAIBG) program was enacted in 1998 to promote greater accountability in the juvenile justice system. JAIBG was revised and renamed the Juvenile Accountability Block Grants program in FY04.

See page 23 for a list of programs funded through JABG in FY08.

#### National Criminal History Improvement Program

The National Criminal History Improvement Program (NCHIP) was established in 1995 to promote the accuracy, completeness, and timeliness of criminal history records. Funds are used at the state and local levels to improve the quality of criminal history records, or "rap sheets," which are vital to police, prosecutors, judges, and various government agencies.

In FY08, the Authority distributed \$349,000 in federal funds to the Office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Cook County for a model domestic violence order of protection system that will improve, expedite, and automate the handling, processing, and reporting of domestic violence cases.

#### National Forensic Sciences Improvement Act

The Paul Coverdell National Forensic Sciences Improvement Act (NFSIA) authorizes funding to improve the quality, timeliness, and credibility of forensic science services for criminal justice purposes. NFSIA funding is directed to crime laboratories and medical examiners' offices based on population and crime statistics. The program permits funding for facilities, personnel, computerization, equipment, supplies, education, and training.

In FY08, the Authority disbursed \$325,508 to Illinois State Police for forensic science initiatives. ISP operates nine laboratories that provide forensic services to almost 1,500 law enforcement agencies in Illinois.

In addition, the Authority disbursed \$33,053 to the Northern Illinois Crime Lab and \$71,150 to DuPage County.

#### Project Safe Neighborhoods

Project Safe Neighborhoods (PSN) is a nationwide program committed to reducing gun and gang crime by enhancing cooperative initiatives between local, state, and federal agencies. Led by regional task forces, the Authority administers PSN awards on behalf of the Office of the U.S. Attorney in the geographic area of the U.S. District Courts for Northern and Central districts of Illinois.

In FY08, \$1.4 million was disbursed to 39 antigang and anti-gun crime initiatives in Illinois.

In the Central District, headquartered in Springfield, PSN provides funds to facilitate local participation in cooperative gun and violent fugitive task forces. In the Northern District, headquartered in Chicago, the PSN strategy focuses on integrated public information, enforcement, prosecution, and parole efforts in the five Chicago police districts with the highest incidence of gun crime.

#### Project Safe Neighborhoods grants

The Authority distributed Project Safe Neighborhoods grant funds to the following programs between July 1, 2007, and June 30, 2008. Funds distributed during the fiscal year may differ from the total award received for each program.

Program	Agency	Federal funds distributed
Anti-gang initiative	City of Aurora	\$20,460
Anti-gang initiative	Village of Carpentersville	\$32,000
Anti-gang initiative	City of Danville	\$15,759
Anti-gang initiative	City of Decatur	\$56,320
Anti-gang initiative	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$28,500
Anti-gang initiative	Kane County	\$28,681
Anti-gang initiative	City of Kankakee	\$37,127
Anti-gang initiative	Kankakee County	\$6,525
Anti-gang initiative	Lake County	\$14,178
Anti-gang initiative	City of Palatine	\$13,000
Anti-gang initiative	City of Peoria	\$5,898
Anti-gang initiative	Peoria Dragun Group	\$10,000
Anti-gang initiative	Schwab Rehabilitation Hospital	\$30,000
Anti-gang initiative	City of Springfield	\$3,000
Anti-gang initiative	Winnebago County	\$53,586
Ball on the Block Program	Peace and Education Coalition	\$5,000
Ball on the Block Program	Uhlich Children's Advantage Network	\$4,675
Project Safe Neighborhoods Central	City of Canton	\$13,092
Project Safe Neighborhoods Central	City of Champaign	\$10,000
Project Safe Neighborhoods Central	City of Galesburg	\$6,000
Project Safe Neighborhoods Central	Illinois Association of Chiefs of Police	\$10,200
Project Safe Neighborhoods Central	Illinois Sheriffs' Association	\$31,774
Project Safe Neighborhoods Central	City of Mattoon	\$10,613
Project Safe Neighborhoods Central	Peoria Dragun Group	\$43,110
Project Safe Neighborhoods Central	City of Springfield	\$2,171
Project Safe Neighborhoods Central	Springfield Police Department	\$32,334
Project Safe Neighborhoods Northern	Alliance for Community Peace	\$38,742
Project Safe Neighborhoods Northern	Career Advancement Network	\$39,500
Project Safe Neighborhoods Northern	City of Chicago	\$269,336
Project Safe Neighborhoods Northern	Columbia University Law School	\$42,933
Project Safe Neighborhoods Northern	Cook County State's Attorney's Office	\$154,254
Project Safe Neighborhoods Northern	Holy Cross Immaculate Heart of Mary Parish	\$21,388
Project Safe Neighborhoods Northern	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$28,676
Project Safe Neighborhoods Northern	Little Village Community Development Corp.	\$8,000
Project Safe Neighborhoods Northern	Mt. Vernon Baptist Church	\$88,710
Project Safe Neighborhoods Northern	Schwab Rehabilitation Hospital	\$43,000
Project Safe Neighborhoods Northern	SGA Youth and Family Service	\$30,427
Project Safe Neighborhoods Northern	Southwest Youth Collaborative	\$72,665
Project Safe Neighborhoods Northern	Teamwork Englewood	\$22,199

Fiscal year funding also supported several local anti-gang initiatives.

#### Residential Substance Abuse Treatment Program

The Residential Substance Abuse Treatment Program (RSAT) provides funding for treatment programs in a correctional setting and is available to the Illinois Department of Corrections (IDOC). RSAT funds are used to implement three types of programs: residential, jail-based, and aftercare. At least 10 percent of the total state allocation, beginning in federal fiscal year 2003, must be made available to local correc-

tional and detention facilities for either residential or jail-based substance abuse treatment programs.

In FY08, about \$1.5 million was distributed to IDOC and the Illinois Department of Juvenile Justice for treatment programs across the state. Nearly \$100,000 was disbursed to Franklin County for a meth treatment initiative.

RSAT provides formula grants to correctional agencies to implement treatment programs for prisoners housed in IDOC facilities. RSAT funding requires the following criteria be met for funding eligibility:

#### **Residential Substance Abuse Treatment Program**

The Authority distributed grant funds to the following Residential Substance Abuse Treatment Programs between July 1, 2007, and June 30, 2008. Funds distributed during the fiscal year may differ from the total award received for each program.

Program	Agency	Federal funds distributed
Dixon Correctional Center Dual Diagnosis Program	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$150,028
Franklin County Juvenile Methamphetamine Treatment Program	Franklin County	\$98,554
Graham Correctional Center Expansion	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$178,224
Illinois Youth Center - Harrisburg	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$22,415
Illinois Youth Center - Harrisburg	Illinois Department of Juvenile Justice	\$61,000
Illinois Youth Center - Joliet	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$93,578
Illinois Youth Center - Joliet	Illinois Department of Juvenile Justice	\$65,000
Illinois Youth Center - Kewanee	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$28,204
Illinois Youth Center - St. Charles	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$74,207
Illinois Youth Center - St. Charles	Illinois Department of Juvenile Justice	\$67,500
Illinois Youth Center - Warrenville	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$40,162
Illinois Youth Center - Warrenville	Illinois Department of Juvenile Justice	\$59,000
Illinois Youth Center Screening Expansion	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$107,261
Illinois Youth Center Screening Expansion	Illinois Department of Juvenile Justice	\$35,000
Lincoln Correctional Center	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$53,944
Pere Marquette	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$76,972
Residential treatment programs	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$17,494
Screening assessment	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$112,571

- Length of treatment must be six to 12 months.
- Offenders must receive treatment services in a residential setting away from the general inmate population.
- The primary focus of the program must be on the substance abuse problems of the inmate, but the program also must develop inmates' social, cognitive, behavioral, and vocational skills.

In addition, treatment should be limited to offenders who are nearing the end of their incarceration so that they may be released upon completion of the substance abuse program.

#### Violence Against Women Act

Congress first passed the Violence Against Women Act in 1994 and reauthorized the act in 2000. With a reauthorization in 2005, Congress began the S.T.O.P. (Services \* Training \* Officers \* Prosecutors) program. Among the provisions of the act is a section authorizing grants to states for programs that would improve the response of the criminal justice system to female victims of sexual assault and domestic violence.

As the agency charged with administering VAWA awards in Illinois, the Authority relies on statistical data, public testimony, and surveys of criminal justice and victim service agencies to ensure the most effective distribution of funds. The program's objectives include:

- Providing services to women who are victims of sexual assault and domestic violence by establishing satellite programs in one or more counties and extending services to victims who are unserved or underserved.
- Developing, implementing, and evaluating a plan for training police, prosecutors, judges, circuit clerks, probation officers, and service providers that reflects the unique information and skills necessary to promote an interdisciplinary approach to sexual assault and domestic violence.
- Implementing measures that document and assess the response of criminal justice agencies in Illinois to sexual assault and domestic violence.
- Providing support for efforts that enable coordinated multidisciplinary responses to adult female victims of sexual assault and domestic violence, including the adoption and institutionalization of protocols based on state or national models.

The Authority received just more than \$4 million in VAWA grant funding in FY08. VAWA funds were disbursed during the fiscal year to support 33 programs. The act specifies that states must allocate 25 percent of the funds to law enforcement, 25 percent to prosecution, 30 percent to service providers,

#### Violent Offender Incarceration and Truth-in-Sentencing Grant Program

The Authority distributed grant funds to the following Violent Offender Incarceration and Truth-in-Sentencing programs between July 1, 2007, and June 30, 2008. Funds distributed during the fiscal year may differ from the total award received for each program.

		Federal funds
Program	Agency	distributed
Haymarket Project	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$251,095
Alternative Sentencing Recovery Home	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$424,867
Big Muddy River Correctional Center security improvements	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$876,860
Case Management/Juvenile Half-Way Back Program	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$137,826
Danville Correctional Center security improvements	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$80,439
Day reporting centers	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$1,307,923
Douglas rehabilitation	Illinois Department of Human Services	\$680,862
Dwight Correctional Center security improvements	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$39,800
GPS offender tracking	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$351,387
Half-Way Back Program	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$691,820
Hill Correctional Center security improvements	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$79,678
Strategic capital projects	Illinois Department of Juvenile Justice	\$407,125
Dixon Springs	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$125,400
Strategic capital projects	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$342,541
Jail construction	County of Winnebago	\$24,095
Jail construction	County of Moultrie	\$216,373
Lawrence Correctional Center security electronics	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$41,880
Menard Correctional Center windows	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$8,465
Pickneyville Correctional Center renovation project	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$80,492
Pontiac Correctional Center plumbing	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$26,309
Post-release male	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$74,511
Post-release female	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$31,985
Shawnee Correctional Center security improvements	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$5,700
Sheridan Correctional Center security improvements	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$452
Southwestern Illinois Correctional Center Meth Treatment Program	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$1,323,343
Stateville Correctional Center security improvements	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$34,799
Statewide job preparation and placement	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$3,180,846
Tamms Correctional Center security improvements	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$8,410
Warehouse/trailer construction	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$5,550,914
Western Illinois Correctional Center security improvements	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$14,409

and 5 percent to the courts. The remaining 15 percent can be allocated at the state's discretion.

Funds have a two-year life span and must be spent in accordance with a plan submitted to the Office on Violence Against Women, U.S. Department of Justice. See page 28 for a list of programs funded through VAWA in FY08.

#### VAWA Implementation Plan

As the state agency charged with administering VAWA in Illinois, the Authority also is responsible for developing a plan for fund distribution. In FY07, staff completed an update of the VAWA Implementation Plan. The initiative to review past priorities and define new ones for the use of VAWA and Victim of Crime Act (VOCA) funds was conducted by the Authority's Ad Hoc Victim Services Committee, comprised of criminal justice and victim services professionals, and members of the public. The committee reviewed crime and victimization trend data, information on current efforts, and data from funded programs. Results from a criminal justice needs assessment survey commissioned by the Authority in FY06 also were utilized.

The current implementation plan emphasizes:

- Development and/or enhancement of a criminal justice data infrastructure to include more information on the incident and the crime victim.
- Cross-training and interdisciplinary training.
- Creating partnerships to coordinate the effective use of resources.
- Fostering collaboration and support collaborative efforts.
- Supporting education efforts on victims' rights.

- Exploring the possibility of a system of recourse for victims whose rights have been violated.
- Ensuring a minimum provision of basic services to all victims of crime and prioritizing funding for direct services.

# Multidisciplinary response teams for domestic violence and sexual assault victims

In FY08, VAWA program funds were used to continue enhancing protocols and guidelines for responding to victims of domestic violence or sexual assault.

Each multidisciplinary response team incorporates training to emphasize the spirit of interagency cooperation, while providing participants with the necessary skills to combat domestic violence and sexual assault. The goal is to heighten sensitivity while improving evidence collection, initial response, victim interviews, and victim referrals.

#### Transitional housing programs

In FY08, VAWA funds also were used to support transitional housing programs providing services to victims of domestic violence. Many implementing agencies allow victims to stay for up to one year. The agencies collaborate with other service providers in the community to ensure that the victims receive literacy services, job training, employment referrals, public assistance, and housing, if needed.

#### Victims of Crime Act

The Victims of Crime Act (VOCA), funded with fines paid by offenders convicted of violating federal laws, supports direct services to victims of crime. The act requires that priority be given to services for victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, child abuse, and other groups identified by the state as underserved victims of crime.

The Authority received \$12.4 million in VOCA grant funding in FY08. The Authority disbursed nearly \$16 million in VOCA grant funding during the fiscal year to 125 victim service providers. These funds supported victim advocacy programs throughout Illinois, including services provided by agencies that are members of the Coalition Against Domestic Violence and Coalition Against Sexual Assault. Other grants supported services to survivors of homicide victims, victims of drunk driving crashes, and violent crime victims with special needs, such as those with disabilities and the elderly. See page 26 for a list of programs funded through VOCA in FY08.

#### Violent Offender Incarceration and Truth-in-Sentencing Grant Program

The Violent Offender Incarceration and Truth-in-Sentencing (VOI-TIS) Grant Program provides funding to states to build or expand correctional and juvenile detention facilities and support communitybased correctional options such as halfway houses, day reporting centers, community-based substance abuse centers, and aftercare services. States must comply with specific conditions to qualify for Truthin-Sentencing grants, including implementing laws requiring those convicted of the most violent offenses to serve 85 percent of the sentence imposed. VOI-TIS allows for 15 percent of the designation to be used for local jails and juvenile detention centers.

The Authority distributed \$16.4 million in VOI-TIS funding to 30 programs in FY08.

#### Anti-Drug Abuse Act grants

The Anti-Drug Abuse Act, also known as the Edward Byrne Memorial State and Local Law Enforcement Assistance Program, was designed to help states and local units of government carry out strategies to control drug abuse and violent crime. The Authority distributed ADAA grant funds to the following programs between July 1, 2007, and June 30, 2008. Federal funds distributed during the fiscal year may differ from the total award received for each program.

Program	Agency	distributed
Correctional initiatives	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$55,000
Criminal history records improvement	City of Minonk	\$5,428
Criminal history records improvement	City of Bloomington	\$13,472
Criminal history records improvement	City of Braidwood	\$13,750
Criminal history records improvement	Village of Cahokia	\$31,403
Criminal history records improvement	Village of Cambria	\$9,491
Criminal history records improvement	Village of Clifton	\$5,391
Criminal history records improvement	Village of Downers Grove	\$6,890
Criminal history records improvement	City of East Moline	\$27,266
Criminal history records improvement	City of Effingham	\$35,582
Criminal history records improvement	Village of Grandview	\$10,107
Criminal history records improvement	Village of Granville	\$5,615
Criminal history records improvement	Village of Norris City	\$10,986
Criminal history records improvement	Oak Park Township	\$7,762
Criminal history records improvement	Village of Rantoul	\$11,075
Criminal history records improvement	Village of Rossville	\$10,932
Criminal history records improvement	Village of Round Lake	\$9,267
Criminal history records improvement	Village of Sherman	\$11,007
Criminal history records improvement	Village of Smithton	\$20,966
Criminal history records improvement	Village of Stone Park	\$9,929
Criminal history records improvement	City of Troy	\$14,135
Criminal history records improvement	Village of Sparta	\$4,650
Criminal history records improvement	Wabash County	\$10,445
Criminal history records improvement	Will County	\$62,500
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	Adams County	\$16,893
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	City of Collinsville	\$1,016
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	Kankakee County	\$175,686
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	Lake County	\$25,755
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	Village of Libertyville	\$144,729
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	Village of Lombard	\$6,046
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	City of Loves Park	\$25,683
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	Macoupin County	\$25,071
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	City of Marion	\$19,328
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	City of Mattoon	\$43,640
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	McLean County	\$30,195
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	City of Mendota	\$14,925
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	City of Peoria City	\$13,924
1 6 5	City of Robinson Rock Island County	\$22,500 \$22,520
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	Sangamon County	\$32,539 \$21,234
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	City of St. Charles	\$31,381
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	City of Sterling	\$30,000
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	Vermilion County	\$19,001
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	City of West Frankfort	\$66,415
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	Whiteside County	\$17,491
Gender responsive programming	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$15,148
Innovative probation initiatives	Will County	\$19,707
Integrated justice initiatives	City of Chicago	\$105,113
Integrated justice initiatives	Illinois State Police	\$68,250
Local law enforcement officer safety	Village of Cave-In-Rock	\$19,998
Local law enforcement officer safety	Village of Raleigh	\$10,881
Local law enforcement officer safety	Village of Ullin	\$19,950
Multijurisdictional drug prosecution	Cook County State's Attorney's Office	\$18,387
Multijurisdictional drug prosecution	DuPage County	\$15,487
Multijurisdictional drug prosecution	Lake County	\$13,541
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Federal funds

#### Juvenile Accountability Block Grants

The Juvenile Accountability Block Grants Program was enacted in 1998 to promote greater accountability in the juvenile justice system. The Authority distributed JABG funds to the following programs between July 1, 2007, and June 30, 2008. Federal funds distributed during the fiscal year may differ from the total award received for each program.

Program	Agency	Federal funds distributed
Safety Net Works	Illinois Violence Prevention Authority	\$150,000
Assistant State's Attorney, Juvenile Division	Madison County	\$5,000
Balanced and restorative justice training	Jefferson County	\$66,309
Community service program	City of Evanston	\$26,680
Education to Nullify Use by First-Timers (ENUF)	Village of Oak Park	\$11,271
Intake process development	Illinois Department of Juvenile Justice	\$15,531
Jail case management	Illinois Department of Juvenile Justice	\$30,000
Juvenile accountability incentive block grants pass-through	Champaign County	\$16,180
Juvenile accountability incentive block grants pass-through	DuPage County	\$44,874
Juvenile accountability incentive block grants pass-through	Macon County	\$5,728
Juvenile accountability incentive block grants pass-through	Madison County	\$2,900
Juvenile accountability incentive block grants pass-through	Peoria County	\$5,000
Juvenile accountability incentive block grants pass-through	St Clair County	\$8,483
Juvenile accountability program	City of East St. Louis	\$16,000
Juvenile Assessment Center	Winnebago County	\$12,947
Juvenile court services	Lake County	\$34,478
Juvenile crime prevention & intervention program	Will County	\$31,727
Juvenile gang intervention partnership model	City of Chicago	\$112,703
Juvenile offender monitoring program	City of East St. Louis	\$2,147
Juvenile parole improvement project	Illinois Department of Juvenile Justice	\$21,000
Juvenile reporting centers	Tazewell County	\$44,500
Juvenile reporting centers	First Judicial Circuit	\$81,000
Kane County Juvenile Accountability Initiative	Kane County	\$28,153
Parole readjustment program	Illinois Department of Juvenile Justice	\$205,000
Performance-based standards enrollment	Illinois Department of Juvenile Justice	\$58,000
Planning and systems integration	Illinois Department of Juvenile Justice	\$6,000
Project Reclaim	Cook County State's Attorney's office	\$293,317
Project Reclaim	Cook County	\$175,000
Safe Measures	Illinois Department of Juvenile Justice	\$5,000
Transitional housing	Illinois Department of Juvenile Justice	\$4,000
Youth Giving Back	LaSalle County on behalf of LaSalle County Court Services	\$2,814
Youth Giving Back	LaSalle County	\$22,275

#### Anti-Drug Abuse Act grants, continued

Program	Agency	Federal funds distributed
Probation initiatives	Christian County	\$25,763
Probation initiatives	Cook County	\$140,061
Probation initiatives	First Judicial Circuit	\$41,899
Probation initiatives	Ford County	\$8,200
Probation initiatives	Lake County	\$4,761
Probation initiatives	Lee County	\$10,953
Probation initiatives	Tazewell County	\$29,410
Specialized prosecution initiatives	Cook County State's Attorney's Office	\$181,181
Specialized prosecution initiatives	Office of the State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor	\$74,786
Specialized training	Administrative Office of the Illinois Courts	\$10,000
Specialized training	Office of the Attorney General	\$23,019

#### **Justice Assistance Grants**

The Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) program blends funding for Anti-Drug Abuse Act and Local Law Enforcement Block Grant programs to provide agencies with the flexibility to prioritize and place justice funds where they are needed most. The Authority distributed Justice Assistance Grant funds to the following programs between July 1, 2007, and June 30, 2008. Federal funds distributed during the fiscal year may differ from the total award received for each program.

Program	Agency	Federal funds distributed
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Community-based transitional services for female offenders	Lake County Winois State Palice	\$7,680 \$115.274
Community violence prevention Correctional initiatives	Illinois State Police	\$115,374
Correctional initiatives	Illinois Department of Corrections Illinois Department of Juvenile Justice	\$235,000 \$134,000
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	Adams County	\$120,806
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	City of Collinsville	\$546,848
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	City of Herrin	\$132,222
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	Kankakee County	\$110,000
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	LaSalle County	\$73,634
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	Village of Libertyville	\$129,580
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	Village of Lombard	\$157,350
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	City of Loves Park	\$139,996
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	Macoupin County	\$85,564
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	City of Mattoon	\$78,979
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	McLean County	\$65,351
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	City of Peoria	\$53,385
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	City of Robinson	\$142,002
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	Rock Island County	\$31,895
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	Sangamon County	\$147,769
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	City of St. Charles	\$182,521
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	Vermilion County	\$143,581
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	City of West Frankfort	\$160,000
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	Whiteside County	\$51,700
Expanding multijurisdictional narcotics units	Will County	\$139,377
Law enforcement and prosecutor-based victim assistance services	Cook County State's Attorney's office	\$548,917
Local law enforcement officer safety	Village of Aroma Park	\$15,000
Local law enforcement officer safety	Village of Atkinson	\$13,500 \$13,875
Local law enforcement officer safety Local law enforcement officer safety	City of Benld City of Braidwood	\$13,875 \$18,615
Local law enforcement officer safety	Village of Broadview	\$19,309
Local law enforcement officer safety	Carroll County	\$17,220
Local law enforcement officer safety	Village of Cobden	\$16,804
Local law enforcement officer safety	Village of Colfax	\$13,498
Local law enforcement officer safety	Village of Cordova	\$19,688
Local law enforcement officer safety	City of Cortland	\$12,957
Local law enforcement officer safety	Village of Cowden	\$20,000
Local law enforcement officer safety	City of Crest Hill	\$20,000
Local law enforcement officer safety	Douglas County	\$19,058
Local law enforcement officer safety	City of East Dubuque	\$11,660
Local law enforcement officer safety	Village of East Hazel Crest	\$15,746
Local law enforcement officer safety	City of East Peoria	\$20,000
Local law enforcement officer safety	Edgar County	\$18,000
Local law enforcement officer safety	Village of Ewing	\$17,933
Local law enforcement officer safety	City of Galva	\$20,000
Local law enforcement officer safety	Village of Junction City	\$15,457
Local law enforcement officer safety	Kendall County	\$18,075
Local law enforcement officer safety	Village of Kirkland City of Ludlow	\$14,009 \$14,625
Local law enforcement officer safety Local law enforcement officer safety	Macoupin County	\$14,625 \$18,073
Local law enforcement officer safety	Village of Marissa	\$18,075
Local law enforcement officer safety	City of Marquette Heights	\$19,875
Local law enforcement officer safety	McDonough County	\$18,679
Local law enforcement officer safety	Village of Milledgeville	\$18,474
Local law enforcement officer safety	Village of Millstadt	\$19,950
Local law enforcement officer safety	Moultrie County	\$18,453
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#### Justice Assistance Grants, continued

#### Program

Local law enforcement officer safety Multijurisdictional drug prosecution Probation initiatives Probation initiatives Probation initiatives Probation initiatives Probation initiatives Specialized defense initiatives Specialized defense initiatives Specialized defense initiatives Specialized prosecution initiatives Specialized prosecution initiatives

Agency	Federal funds distributed
City of Neoga	\$20,000
City of Odin	\$15,457
Village of Patoka	\$19,518
Village of Raleigh	\$9,000
Village of Ridgeway	\$15,187
Village of Sandoval	\$19,228
Shelby County	\$13,875
Village of St. Anne	\$19,999
Village of St. Peter	\$20,000
Village of Stockton	\$8,148
Village of Streamwood	\$19,875
Village of Versailles	\$13,875
Village of Leland	\$19,500
City of Washington	\$18,998
City of Wenona	\$18,000
Village of Westville	\$11,209
Woodford County	\$14,796
City of Ziegler	\$20,000
Cook County State's Attorney's office	\$1,389,999
DuPage County	\$222,415
Kane County	\$179,693
Lake County	\$199,645
McHenry County	\$104,394
Office of the State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor	\$411,743
St. Clair County	\$92,209
Will County	\$133,528
Cook County	\$17,500
Kane County	\$24,000
Lee County	\$40,444
Tazewell County	\$60,000
Will County	\$49,373
Kankakee County	\$38,000
Macon County	\$81,000
Will County	\$15,000
Cook County State's Attorney's Office	\$163,283
Office of the State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor	\$237,405

#### Victims of Crime Act grants

The Victims of Crime Act created a federal block grant program designed to help states increase services to victims of crime. The Authority distributed VOCA grant funds to the following programs between July 1, 2007, and June 30, 2008. Federal funds distributed during the fiscal year may differ from the total award received for each program.

Program	Agency	Federal funds distributed
Centralized training for Chicago-area domestic violence agencies	Chicago Metropolitan Battered Women's Network	
Child advocacy center services	Amy Schultz Child Advocacy Center	\$19,960 \$31,344
Child advocacy center services	Champaign County Children's Advocacy Center	\$39,541
Child advocacy center services	Chicago Children's Advocacy Center	\$127,885
Child advocacy center services	Child Network	\$27,487
Child advocacy center services	Children's Action Network	\$6,410
Child advocacy center services	Children's Action Network	\$19,583
Child advocacy center services	Children's Advocacy Center of East Central Illinois	\$39,537
Child advocacy center services	Children's Advocacy Center of Northwest Cook County	\$92,385
Child advocacy center services	DuPage County	\$75,126
Child advocacy center services	Friends of Child Advocacy	\$22,228
Child advocacy center services	Hull House Child Advocacy Center of Cook County	\$16,615
Child advocacy center services	Kankakee County	\$16,615
Child advocacy center services	Children's Advocacy Center of Kankakee County	\$60
Child advocacy center services	Lake County Children's Advocacy Center	\$76,710
Child advocacy center services	La Rabida Children's Hospital	\$68,638
Child advocacy center services	McHenry County Child Advocacy Center	\$31,832
Child advocacy center services Child advocacy center services	McLean County McLean County Children's Advocacy Center	\$37,122
Child advocacy center services	Procare Centers (Proviso Family Services)	\$84,333 \$45.046
Child advocacy center services	Sangamon County Child Advocacy Center	\$45,046 \$89,026
Child advocacy center services	Shining Star Children's Center	\$67,785
Child advocacy center services	St. Clair County Child Advocacy Center	\$46,701
Child advocacy center services	Tazewell County Children's Advocacy Center	\$47,297
Child advocacy center services	The Guardian Center, Inc.	\$24,408
Child advocacy center services	Will County Child Advocacy Center	\$61,387
Child advocacy center services	Williamson County Child Advocacy Center	\$98,368
Child advocacy center services	Winnebago County	\$106,137
Civil legal services for victims of domestic violence	Land of Lincoln Legal Assistance Foundation - East St. Louis	
Civil legal services for victims of domestic violence	Legal Assistance Foundation of Chicago	\$45,491
Civil legal services for victims of domestic violence	Life Span	\$124,289
Civil legal services for victims of domestic violence	Prairie State Legal Services, Inc.	\$274,871
Civil legal services for victims of domestic violence	Will County	\$9,456
Civil legal services for victims of domestic violence	Will County Legal Assistance Program, Inc.	\$19,670
Law enforcement/prosecutor-based victim assistance services	Village of Arlington Heights	\$52,000
Law enforcement/prosecutor-based victim assistance services	Carroll County	\$13,015
Law enforcement/prosecutor-based victim assistance services	Champaign County	\$35,072
Law enforcement/prosecutor-based victim assistance services	Cook County State's Attorney's Office	\$594,525
Law enforcement/prosecutor-based victim assistance services	City of Elgin	\$36,974
Law enforcement/prosecutor-based victim assistance services	City of Evanston Franklin County	\$41,600
Law enforcement/prosecutor-based victim assistance services Law enforcement/prosecutor-based victim assistance services	Kane County	\$47,715
Law enforcement/prosecutor-based victim assistance services	City of Kankakee	\$81,987 \$38,139
Law enforcement/prosecutor-based victim assistance services	Kankakee County	\$68,690
Law enforcement/prosecutor-based victim assistance services	Lake County	\$75,560
Law enforcement/prosecutor-based victim assistance services	LaSalle County	\$37,914
Law enforcement/prosecutor-based victim assistance services	Macon County	\$15,975
Law enforcement/prosecutor-based victim assistance services	Mc Lean County	\$45,233
Law enforcement/prosecutor-based victim assistance services	Menard County	\$14,194
Law enforcement/prosecutor-based victim assistance services	Ogle County	\$11,933
Law enforcement/prosecutor-based victim assistance services	City of Prospect Heights	\$54,021
Law enforcement/prosecutor-based victim assistance services	St. Clair County	\$53,088
Law enforcement/prosecutor-based victim assistance services	Union County	\$33,661
Law enforcement/prosecutor-based victim assistance services	City of Wheeling	\$87,501
Law enforcement/prosecutor-based victim assistance services	Whiteside County	\$12,900
Law enforcement/prosecutor-based victim assistance services	Williamson County	\$49,745
Law enforcement/prosecutor-based victim assistance services	Winnebago County	\$56,841

#### Victims of Crime Act grants, continued

#### Program

Services to Chicago victims of violent crime Services to Chicago victims of violent crime Services to Chicago victims of violent crime Services to child victims of domestic violence Services to downstate victims of violent crimes Services to downstate victims of violent crimes Services to hearing impaired victims of violent crime Services to juvenile victims of crime Services to juvenile victims of crime Services to non-English speaking or bilingual domestic violence victims Services to non-English speaking or bilingual domestic violence victims Services to non-English speaking or bilingual domestic violence victims Services to senior victims of violent crime Services to underserved domestic violence populations Services to underserved sexual assault victim populations Services to victims of child abuse Services to victims of convicted offenders Services to victims of domestic violence Services to victims of sexual assault Statewide services to victims of drunk drivers Statewide services to victims of drunk drivers Statewide victim assistance training Transitional housing and support services Transitional housing and support services Transitional housing and support services Transitional housing and support services

#### Federal funds Agency distributed \$49,399 Circle Family Care, Inc. Legal Assistance Foundation of Chicago \$144.024 \$59,927 Rogers Park Community Council City of Chicago \$144,387 Dove. Inc. \$7,158 Heartland Human Care Services, Inc. \$21,223 Illinois Coalition Against Domestic Violence \$275,080 Life Span \$44,708 Sarah's Inn \$7,100 South Suburban Family Shelter \$23,822 \$48,054 Ouanada Southern Illinois Health Care Foundation \$46,801 Lester and Rosalie Anixter Center (Chicago Hearing Society) \$48,657 \$24,801 Freedom House YWCA Of Metropolitan Chicago \$32,593 Howard Area Community Center \$28,388 Korean American Women in Need \$24,041 Mujeres Latinas En Accion \$46,177 Catholic Charities \$60,757 Effingham City/County Committee on Aging \$44,000 \$41,697 Legal Assistance Foundation of Chicago Prairie Council on Aging, Inc. \$21,679 Shawnee Alliance for Seniors \$34.334 \$25,355 Stopping Woman Abuse Now, Inc. Horizons Community Services, Inc. \$52,124 \$2,260,000 Illinois Coalition Against Sexual Assault Children's Memorial Hospital \$67,769 Illinois Coalition Against Domestic Violence \$226,099 Winnebago County \$8,390 YWCA of Metropolitan Chicago \$76,544 Illinois Department of Corrections \$57,926 Apna Ghar, Inc. \$41,297 \$100,681 Between Friends Center for Prevention of Abuse \$50,173 \$535,013 City of Chicago Crisis Center of South Suburbia \$64,237 Dove Inc. \$22,341 Family First Support Center \$6,000 Friends of Battered Women and their Children \$26,378 \$18,901 Heartland Human Care Services, Inc. \$47,702 Hull House Association Illinois Coalition Against Domestic Violence \$3,381,023 Life Span \$55,860 Rainbow House \$52,692 Sarah's Inn \$32,465 South Suburban Family Shelter \$75,675 St. Pius V Church \$62,356 The Pillars Community Services \$50,769 Assault & Abuse Services of Stephenson County \$49,029 Freedom House \$15,133 Illinois Coalition Against Sexual Assault \$2,734,835 Women's Center \$38,607 YWCA of Metropolitan Chicago \$80,043 \$89,509 Alliance Against Intoxicated Motorists Mothers Against Drunk Driving \$48.068 Office of the Attorney General \$31.200 \$29,734 Apna Ghar, Inc. Crisis Center of South Suburbia \$46,516 Hamdard Center for Health and Human Services \$39,166 Housing, Outreach, Prevention and Education (H.O.P.E.) \$54,542

(Continued on page 28)

#### Violence Against Women Act grants

The Violence Against Women Act created a block grant program designed to help states improve the criminal justice system's response to victims of sexual assault or domestic violence. The Authority distributed VAWA grant funds to the following programs between July 1, 2007, and June 30, 2008. Federal funds distributed during the fiscal year may differ from the total award received for each program.

Program	Agency	Federal funds distributed
Domestic violence multidisciplinary team response	Kankakee County	\$43,044
Domestic violence multidisciplinary team response	McLean County	\$255,368
Domestic violence multidisciplinary team response	Mid Central Community Action, Inc.	\$55,518
Domestic violence multidisciplinary team response	1	
Domestic violence multidisciplinary team response	Peoria County	\$355,236
Domestic violence multidisciplinary team response	St. Clair County	\$507,522
Domestic violence multidisciplinary team response	Violence Prevention Center of Southwest Illinois	\$105,673
Multidisciplinary conference scholarships	Illinois Violence Prevention Authority	\$45,131
Multidisciplinary training on stalking	Office of the Attorney General	\$16,000
Services for underserved areas or victim groups	Illinois Coalition Against Domestic Violence	\$599,436
Services for underserved areas or victim groups	Illinois Coalition Against Sexual Assault	\$561,878
Services to female inmates	Illinois Department of Corrections	\$71,669
Sexual assault medical advocacy	Office of the Attorney General	\$96,274
Sexual assault multidisciplinary team response	Kankakee County	\$133,637
Sexual assault multidisciplinary team response	Kankakee County Center Against Sexual Assault	\$77,128
Training on animal abuse and domestic violence	Office of the State's Attorneys Appellate Prosecutor	\$29,952
Transitional housing and support services	Apna Ghar, Inc.	\$27,810
Transitional housing and support services	Crisis Center of South Suburbia	\$20,520
Transitional housing and support services	Hamdard Center for Health and Human Services	\$44,620
Transitional housing and support services	Housing, Outreach, Prevention and Education (H.O.P.E.)	\$46,258
Transitional housing and support services	Korean American Women in Need	\$43,840
Transitional housing and support services	Mutual Ground, Inc.	\$29,963
Transitional housing and support services	Phase, Inc. (Wave Domestic Violence Services & Homeless Program	n) \$15,944
Transitional housing and support services	Quanada	\$32,616
Transitional housing and support services	Safe Passage, Inc.	\$9,240
Transitional housing and support services	Stopping Woman Abuse Now, Inc.	\$66,427
Transitional housing and support services	YWCA of Freeport	\$15,000
Transitional housing and support services	YWCA of the Sauk Valley	\$11,846

### Victims of Crime Act grants, continued

Program	Agency	Federal funds distributed
Transitional housing and support services	Korean American Women in Need	\$32,000
Transitional housing and support services	Mutual Ground, Inc.	\$28,464
Transitional housing and support services	Phase, Inc. (Wave Domestic Violence Services & Homeless Program)	\$34,216
Transitional housing and support services	Quanada	\$17,690
Transitional housing and support services	Safe Passage, Inc.	\$82,334
Transitional housing and support services	Stopping Woman Abuse Now, Inc.	\$41,200
Transitional housing and support services	YWCA of Freeport	\$38,639
Transitional housing and support services	YWCA of the Sauk Valley	\$31,500

## Research and analysis

The Authority is responsible for conducting criminal justice research in Illinois, and its Research & Analysis (R&A) Unit handles the majority of the program and policy research efforts. The unit's primary mission is to identify and explore current or emerging criminal and juvenile justice issues that affect the Illinois justice system. The results are then made available to state, county, and local criminal justice decision-makers to assist them in their policy discussions and planning. R&A attempts to make timely and objective information available on key issues by emphasizing short-term projects that address narrow topics, so that important policy, program, and funding decisions are based on data and factual information rather than general perceptions. A number of research efforts were under way or concluded in state fiscal year 2008.

# Projects to support drug, violent crime, and victim programs

The Authority continually collects, analyzes, and disseminates statistical information on the extent and nature of drug and violent crime, and the justice system's response. By working with various agencies responsible for initial data collection, staff have developed what is perhaps the most comprehensive repository of drug- and violent crime-related data in Illinois, as well as a unique and widely recognized expertise in data analysis and interpretation.

R&A encourages and supports community problem assessment and planning by making some of this data available on the Authority's Web site.

The unit also is responsible for a multifaceted evaluation initiative aimed at assessing the implementation and impact of drug and violent crime control programs in Illinois. Evaluation projects supported with federal funds are carried out in-house and through subcontracts with universities and private research firms.

Full evaluation reports are published on the Authority's Web site and on CD-ROM. These reports also are summarized in four-page briefs as part of the *Program Evaluation Summary* series.

R&A provides a variety of program development support to the Authority's Federal & State Grants Unit. Some of these activities are supported with grants from the U.S. Department of Justice

## Presentations

Presentations were made by R&A staff to a number of organizations and agencies, and at several conferences in FY08. They include:

- Chicago Bar Association
- Connecting the Pathways Conference
- Justice Research & Statistics Association 2007 Conference
- Juvenile Crime Enforcement Coalition
- National Council of Juvenile and Family Court Judges and the National District Attorneys Association's 35th National Conference
- Office of Juvenile Justice & Delinquency Prevention and National Institute of Justice's Sexual Exploitation of Children Cluster Conference
- Probation and Court Services Managers Symposium

Bureau of Justice Assistance, and from the VOCA, and VAWA grant programs. R&A also provides the Federal and State Grants Unit with research and evaluation support.

#### Information clearinghouse

The Authority serves as a statewide clearinghouse for statistics and other information about the criminal justice system. In FY08, the agency responded to 545 requests from people seeking information, an average of 45 per month. Most requests from information came from private citizens (41 percent) and private agencies (22 percent). Other requests came from government agencies (21 percent), students (7 percent), researchers (7 percent), media representatives (1 percent), prison inmates (less than 1 percent), legislators (less than 1 percent), and private citizens and businesses requesting criminal history-related information.

Twenty-six percent of the requests originated in Chicago. Forty-five percent originated in other parts of the state. All other requests for information were received from outside Illinois.

Staff received 297 e-mail requests for information during the fiscal year.

#### Authority website

The Authority's award-winning website, *www.icjia. state.il.us*, is a frequent destination of criminal justice professionals, educators, and members of the public. In addition to providing easy access to the latest criminal justice information, the site opens the door to the Authority's three major areas of operation: research, information systems, and federal and state grants. The number of unique visitors to the Authority's website in FY08 was 381,545 an increase of 12 percent since FY07, with an average of 1,751 users per day.

A wide variety of criminal justice related information is continually posted and archived on the site. Updated frequently, the site also offers access to a host of state and national criminal justice publications, including bulletins from the FBI, U.S. Department of Justice, and National Criminal Justice Reference Service. The Authority's CJ Dispatch automatically notifies registered users via e-mail twice monthly of the site's newest information with direct links to new content. By the end of FY08 2,624 users had subscribed to the dispatch, a 12 percent increase over FY07.

Authority publications also are available for download from its website. Downloaded publications totaled more than 1.1 million in FY08, a 4 percent increase over the previous year.

#### CJ DataNet

CJ DataNet, the Authority's web-based database application, allows site users to research broad issues facing the criminal justice system or simply examine crime trends in a specific Illinois county or regional area. Currently, criminal offense and arrest data from ISP Uniform Crime Reports are available on each Illinois county. Users can display statistical data in a variety of graphs and tables and are able to download data into a spreadsheet for further analysis.

In FY08, staff started planning an update to CJ Datanet that will make all datasets publicly available. The update will assist users in analyzing data, creating data presentations, mapping, and graphing.

#### Online training

The Authority also provides free, web-based training on a variety of criminal justice topics using the latest technology. This technology is particularly useful in training victim service providers using the Authority's InfoNet database.

#### Balanced and restorative justice initiatives

The Illinois Juvenile Court Act adopts balanced and restorative justice (BARJ) as the guiding philosophy for juvenile delinquency cases. BARJ is guided by three principles: public safety, accountability and competency development, and includes victims, offenders, and the community in the justice process.

The Authority coordinated two balanced and restorative justice (BARJ) efforts during FY08. In August 2007, the Authority held a one-day BARJ seminar in Bloomington entitled, "Juvenile Substance Abuse and Balanced and Restorative Justice: Exploring New Interventions." The Authority also presented a two-day BARJ seminar in Bloomington in October 2007 entitled, "Victims and Balanced and Restorative Justice: Repairing the Harm."

#### Child sexual exploitation research

Staff completed research on child sexual exploitation in Illinois. The research was initiated to gain a better understanding of the commercial sexual exploitation of children and youth in Illinois. The research methods addressed incidence and prevalence of victimization, characteristics of victims, pathways to victimization, needs of exploited youth exiting exploitative situations, and the responses of law enforcement.

*Child Sex Exploitation Study Probes Extent of Victimization in Illinois* was published in January 2008 and is available on the Authority's website.

#### College campus crime study

Authority researchers initiated a study on Illinois college campus crime trends in FY08. The study includes crime trends over a seven-year period on all Title IV schools across the state with student enrollment of 2,500 or more.

Trend analyses will include reported burglaries, motor vehicle thefts, arsons, homicide and negligent manslaughters, sex offenses, robberies, and aggravated assaults. Researchers also will determine where crimes most often occur on and around college campuses. Data for years 2001 through 2007 were collected from the U.S. Department of Education for the study.

The study also will include a summary of the federal Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act, proposed amendments to the Act, warning signs of violence on

## Research and evaluation projects

The following research projects and evaluations were under way or concluded in FY08:

Jail Data Link   Northwestern University     Lake County Transitional Services for Female   Loyola University Chicago     Offenders   Loyola University Chicago     Sheridan Correctional Center Therapeutic   David Olson, Ph.D.     Community   David Olson, Ph.D.     Research project   Researcher/s	
Offenders Loyola University Chicago   Sheridan Correctional Center Therapeutic David Olson, Ph.D.	
Sheridan Correctional Center Therapeutic Community David Olson, Ph.D.	
Community David Olson, Ph.D.	
Research project Researcher/s	
Analysis of Domestic Violence InfoNet	
Service Data Loyola University Chicago	
Analysis of Probationer Risk Factors Loretta Stalans, Ph.D., and Paul Yarnold,	Ph.D.
Analysis of Shelter Utilization by Victims of	
Domestic Violence Loyola University Chicago	
Assessing the Risk of Sexual and Violent	
Recidivism Loyola University Chicago	
Co-Occurring Conditions and Treatment of	
Jail Detainees University of Illinois at Chicago	1
Critical Incident Preparedness on Campuses Southern Illinois University at Carbondal	le
Juvenile Reentry into the Community University of Chicago	
Methamphetamine and Domestic Violence Southern Illinois University at Carbondal	le
Truth-in-Sentencing David Olson, Ph.D.	

campus, campus prevention measures, and institutional responses to crime.

#### Criminal history records research

The Authority established the Criminal History Records Audit Center in 1993 to improve the state's criminal history record information system (CHRI) and ensure compliance with federal mandates and state laws for criminal history records. Criminal history records, commonly known as "rap sheets" are used by criminal justice agencies throughout Illinois to identify and prosecute repeat offenders, as well as for research, employment, and professional licensing purposes.

Record quality is examined through periodic audits of the computerized criminal history database maintained by Illinois State Police (ISP). During FY08, issues of potential discrepancies over time on individuals' criminal history records, such as differing gender and race entries, were investigated in preparation for the next statewide audit.

In partnership with ISP, staff also facilitates research utilizing criminal history records. Through a permanent online connection, the Authority has access to ISP's electronic data tables, which can be downloaded onto secure Authority servers and shared with authorized users. The data is used by both outside researchers and Authority staff conducting in-house research.

In FY08, staff processed CHRI data user agreements with Loyola University Chicago, the Urban Institute, Pretrial Justice Institute, University of Illinois at Springfield, and University of Illinois at Chicago. The data were used by these entities to conduct research for DUI risk reduction, a transitional jobs reentry demonstration project, co-occurring treatment coordination for jail detainees, and the State Court Processing Statistics Project; and evaluations of transitional services for female offenders, the Jail Data Link program, and drug courts.

In addition, a CHRI dataset was developed spanning the years 1990 to 2007. These data were used to answer information requests from legislators, the media, outside researchers, and students. Staff provided technical assistance on the interpretation of CHRI data obtained.

#### Sex offender research

Audit staff completed work on a multi-state research project examining the recidivism of sex offenders

released from prison, using state and federal criminal history record information. The Authority was awarded a \$17,000 grant for the project in FY06. The grant was supported jointly by the U.S. Bureau of Justice Statistics National Criminal History Improvement fund and the Justice Research and Statistical Association. Illinois joined 10 other states in replicating research previously conducted by the U.S. Bureau of Justice Statistics in 2003. The findings were presented by the Justice Research and Statistical Association at a conference held by the National Criminal Justice Association.

#### Domestic sex trafficking research

Staff collaborated with DePaul University researchers to complete *Domestic Sex Trafficking of Chicago Women and Girls*, a research study on the process by which young girls are recruited into the sex trade industry in the Chicago metropolitan area.

The study pinpointed strategies used by pimps, and levels of coercion, control, and violence that hold young women in prostitution. The report also describes where the women were active in the sex trade, whether they were transported to prostitution venues, how far they were transported, and whether they were taken across state lines. The full report is available on the Authority website.

#### Delinquent and at-risk girls

Staff initiated a study of delinquent and at-risk girls in Illinois in FY08. Researchers will examine individual, family, and school risk factors for delinquency, including victimization and drug abuse histories. Characteristics of delinquent girls at arrest, detention, and corrections stages in the juvenile justice system will be examined. Finally, gender-specific programming will be explored, including existing national and state programs. This study will be completed in spring 2009.

#### Evaluation of evidence-based practices

The Authority continued its work with the National Institute of Corrections to evaluate Illinois' Evidence-Based Practices Initiative in FY08. This project will assist local probation departments participating in the initiative with the provision of data and analysis that gauges performance before and during the implementation of evidence-based practices, and will establish a process and protocol for ongoing assessment of probation performance through an effective state and local partnership. Data was collected on probationers in Adams, Cook, DuPage, Lake, and Sangamon counties, and the 2nd Judicial Circuit, including demographics, actual probation sentence, treatment, arrests while on probation, sanctions and discharge information.

Project completion is expected in summer 2009.

#### Intimate partner violence research

The Chicago Women's Health Risk Study (CWHRS) project is a collaboration of Chicago medical, public health, and criminal justice agencies, and domestic violence experts to identify factors that indicate a significant danger of life-threatening injury or death in situations of intimate partner violence. By comparing data on abused women with similar data on people who have been killed by an intimate partner, the project helps agencies identify and respond to potentially life-threatening intimate violence situations.

CWHRS was supported with grants from the National Institute of Justice, the Authority, and other agencies. The risk factors identified by the study have been distributed to service and health care providers and law enforcement officers. CWHRS continues to provide vital information to police, clinical staff, and other decision-makers in the field, identifying early warning signs to help practitioners intervene more effectively on behalf of women experiencing intimate partner violence.

CWHRS results are published in a variety of formats, aimed at practitioners and others who can make a difference in women's lives.

#### Juvenile justice system overviews

In FY08, staff completed the *Juvenile Justice System and Risk Factor Data: 2005 Annual Report.* Compiled at the request of the Illinois Juvenile Justice Commission, the report provided comprehensive overview of risk factors for juvenile crime, juvenile involvement with the justice system, county-level data, special issues within the system, and programs and initiatives active within Illinois.

Staff also began compiling information and data for the *Juvenile Justice System and Risk Factor Data:* 2006 Annual Report during the fiscal year.

# Juvenile mental health screening and assessment practices survey

The Authority collaborated with the Illinois Juvenile Justice Commission to initiate a survey of juvenile justice practitioners to determine their mental health screening and assessment practices for juveniles in detention and correctional facilities, probation, and at other points in the juvenile justice system in Illinois. Mental health in our juvenile justice system has gained increasing interest and attention at the local, state, and national levels. The survey will help determine practices used at each stage of the juvenile justice system.

A final report with the results is expected to be completed in spring 2009.

# Model Domestic Violence Protocol for Law Enforcement, Prosecution, and the Judiciary

R&A staff completed an update of the 1996 Model Domestic Violence Protocol for Law Enforcement, Prosecution, and the Judiciary during the fiscal year. The 2007 Model Domestic Violence Protocol was distributed to police chiefs, prosecutors, and the judiciary in urban areas.

The 1996 Model Domestic Violence Protocol was written in recognition of the devastating effects of domestic violence on victims, most often women and children. The effects prompted changes in legislation, judicial philosophy, and social norms.

Recognizing that coordinated intervention by the justice system was a significant factor in reducing domestic violence, in 1993, the legislature created the Task Force on Domestic Violence Training and Curricula to develop model protocols and training curricula for law enforcement, prosecutors, and judges. The 2006 Task Force on Domestic Violence Training and Curricula, comprised of members of the law enforcement, prosecution, victim service, and judiciary communities, met throughout the year to review and revise the document with the latest research findings, knowledge in the field, and related Illinois legislation.

#### Safe Havens program evaluation

Authority staff continued its partnership with the Mayor's Office on Domestic Violence to evaluate Chicago's Safe Havens Supervised Visitation and Safe Exchange Grant Program in FY08.

The Safe Havens program was created to reduce the possibility of domestic violence during the transfer of children for visitation purposes and help ensure safe exchange of children in cases involving domestic violence, child abuse, sexual assault, or stalking. Evaluators set out to identify promising practices in the field of supervised visitation and safe exchange. Chicago was one of four cities selected to participate in the Safe Havens initiative. Other participating cities included Kent, Wash., Santa Monica, Calif., and Lansing, Mich. The four programs were evaluated individually.

# Sheridan Correctional Center Therapeutic Community program analysis

In partnership with Loyola University Chicago and the Illinois Department of Corrections, staff completed a five-year process and impact evaluation of the Sheridan Correctional Center's Therapeutic Community program in FY08. The Sheridan Correctional Center is the largest prison in the nation fully dedicated to substance abuse treatment and community re-entry preparation. Long-term results continue to show reductions in recidivism for program graduates when compared with a matched comparison group.

Staff also began drafting a final report and program evaluation summary that includes data analysis through 2008.

#### Trends and Issues 2008

In FY08, staff completed a comprehensive report covering a decade of crime and justice trends. Trends and Issues 2008: A profile of criminal and juvenile *justice* is a valuable resource for criminal justice policymakers, practitioners, and anyone interested in crime and justice in Illinois. The first large-scale report of its kind since 1997, Trends and Issues 2008 paints a comprehensive statistical portrait of crime and justice in Illinois from 1995 through 2005. The state-of-the-state report highlights a decade of trends in criminal and juvenile justice and their components, including law enforcement, courts, corrections, and victim services. Topics that have become increasingly important during the course of the decade, including identity theft, specialized courts, and corrections-based substance abuse treatment, also were covered.

The Authority also initiated *Trends and Issues Updates*, a publication series to follow up on issues covered in the full report.

# Prior victimization assessments, histories among incarcerated women

Staff completed an examination of existing data on adult female inmates within the Illinois Department of Corrections collected during the reception and classification process during the fiscal year. Information on prior victimization, primarily domestic violence and sexual assault and abuse, was shared with IDOC.

The data warranted more in-depth assessment of extent and nature of victimization and treatment episodes of female inmates. Staff initiated a research project to conduct interviews with female prisoners to further explore prior help-seeking strategies, use of controlled substances, and physical and sexual abuse histories. The data will assist criminal justice and social service agencies, funding entities, and policy makers as they explore the treatment needs of women in corrections.

A final report on incarcerated women's victimization histories is expected in fall 2009.

#### Homicide research

The Authority's continuing research on lethal violence serves as a foundation for developing effective intervention strategies. The cornerstone of this effort is the Chicago Homicide Dataset, one of the largest and most detailed ever collected in the United States. In collaboration with the Chicago Police Department, the dataset contains information on every homicide reported in Chicago between 1965 and 2000. The dataset includes more than 27,000 homicides, with more than 200 variables for each case. The data, with individual identifiers removed, are archived in the National Archives of Criminal Justice Data, and are extensively used by policy planners and analysts from Illinois and other states.

Authority staff collaborate with several external researchers on specialized studies of these data, including arson and other fire-related homicide; the effect of partner age disparity on the risk of intimate partner homicide; patterns and trends in homicides of infants and young children; patterns and trends in homicides of the elderly, and homicide offenders under the age of 15.

## Information systems

The Authority's Information Systems Unit (ISU) is charged with designing, developing, and operating advanced technology that can be used to help Illinois public safety agencies collect and share information. Affordable information systems were created by the unit to strengthen communication between agencies and help these agencies coordinate their efforts to reduce crime.

#### Clandestine Lab Reporting Information System

In 2007, staff implemented a new database to help eliminate existing gaps in the drug information network that records the growing methamphetamine problem in the United States.

Clandestine Lab Reporting Information System (CLARIS) is a web-based data collection system for reporting and analysis of methamphetamine lab seizure data used mainly by law enforcement agencies in Illinois. With CLARIS, remote users access the program and centralized database at the Authority using a Web-browser.

The Authority created CLARIS with a \$50,000 grant from the Bureau of Justice Statistics Office of Justice Programs. When combined with Illinois State Police and federal El Paso Intelligence Center (EPIC) data, this comprehensive information-sharing network helps stem the proliferation and sale of methamphetamine by more accurately pinpointing the sources of its production.

CLARIS is used by the Illinois Meth Response Teams and other drug enforcement groups who perform methamphetamine lab seizures. Data collected is submitted to Illinois State Police for analysis. Agencies also use CLARIS to file the required EPIC report, and to perform local monthly and annual statistical tabulations

The data will be useful in determining, among other criteria, the types, numbers, and locations of laboratories seized; manufacturing trends; precursor and chemical sources; the number of children and law enforcement officers affected; and investigative leads. The data may also be useful to agencies in justifying and allocating current or future resources.

# Enhanced grants management system efforts

Staff continued development of a new in-house grant management information system in FY08. The Authority's grant administration needs have outgrown the agency's current system, which was first implemented in 1990.

The Pennsylvania Commission on Crime & Delinquency originally created the web-based system, Egrants, with \$4.5 million in federal funding to meet the needs of the state of Pennsylvania. The Authority received that product and source code at no charge. Staff is tailoring the system to fit Illinois' fund planning and grant administration needs.

The new grant system will eliminate redundancies in the current system and allow users outside the agency to submit grant concepts, applications, reports, and other grant-related information online. The system also will allow for a paperless workflow, enforce business rules, and generate more accurate grant reports, while helping monitors track grant loads and status, and alerting them of upcoming grant-related events.

The news system is scheduled for completion in summer 2009.

#### InfoNet data collection

InfoNet is a state-of-the-art data system, nationally recognized for deploying the latest technologies to enhance data collection and reporting efforts for victim service providers while creating a unique set of victim service data. The Authority partnered with Illinois' Coalitions Against Sexual Assault and Domestic Violence to develop and implement the system for sexual assault and domestic violence centers in 1997. In 2004, the Authority collaborated with the Illinois Department of Human Services (IDHS) to make the system available to IDHS-funded domestic violence programs. In that same year, InfoNet was also made available child advocacy centers across Illinois.

InfoNet is comprised of a central database that can be accessed with a web browser. Data are transmitted between users and the database via a private network that securely transfers information over the Internet. Service providers use InfoNet to collect case-level information about the clients they serve. All recorded victim data, including demographic characteristics, are kept confidential using a unique numerical identifier for each victim. A description of the person's victimization is captured, as well as the offender's profile and interactions with the criminal justice system. Agencies also enter services provided by staff, including client services, hotline contacts, and outreach efforts.

To facilitate data mining and analysis, InfoNet has a comprehensive set of reporting tools. Programs utilize reports to analyze client populations, measure program effectiveness, and manage staff and client caseloads. InfoNet data are also shared with criminal justice agencies to advocate for improved responses to victims. In addition, state agencies responsible for coordinating crime victim services access timely and accurate information for policy and planning initiatives.

During FY08, 69 domestic violence programs, 38 sexual assault programs, and 16 child advocacy centers accessed InfoNet from 195 sites throughout Illinois.

ICJIA staff implement upgrades to the system each year to accommodate new and changing user needs. During FY08, InfoNet was upgraded to collect race and ethnicity data, making the system consistent with U.S. Census Bureau data collection practices. The system also displays information about client cancellations and no shows and new information about victims' residences before and after using shelter services, providing more insight about victims' mobility patterns and safety after leaving shelter. Finally, the system also allows users to link data from multiple clients to form a household record.

#### Motor Vehicle Automated Reporting System

During the fiscal year, ISU staff continued development of a data collection system that will allow online motor vehicle theft reporting by state-funded anti-theft task forces throughout Illinois.

The Motor Vehicle Automated Reporting System will allow simpler and more accurate monthly reporting of vehicle recoveries, arrests, and investigations of stolen vehicles. The system will be used throughout the state by motor vehicle theft task forces supported with Motor Vehicle Theft Prevention Council funding. Statistics on auto theft are used to help determine annual task force funding needs.

This project is scheduled for completion in winter 2009.

## **Fiscal information**

This fiscal information reflects the actual expenditures for state fiscal year 2008.

	GENERAL REVENUE	FEDERAL	MOTOR VEHICLE	JABG	TOTAL
OPERATIONS					
Personal services	\$1,223,576		\$149,754		\$1,373,330
Retirement	\$199,985				\$199,985
FICA	\$91,994				\$91,994
Group insurance					\$0
Contractual services	\$193,951				\$193,951
Travel	\$8,740				\$8,740
Commodities	\$8,072				\$8,072
Printing	\$11,819				\$11,819
Equipment	\$118				\$118
EDP	\$111,130				\$111,130
Telecommunications	\$39,995				\$39,995
Auto operations	\$7,990				\$7,990
Ordinary/contingent expenses			\$154,711		\$154,711
Total operations	\$1,897,370	\$0	\$304,465		\$2,201,835
AWARDS & GRANTS					
Federal assistance support	\$13,241	\$4,576,070			\$4,589,311
Motor vehicle grants			\$6,121,606		\$6,121,606
Motor vehicle refunds					\$0
Grants to state agencies		\$3,599,372			\$3,599,372
Grants to locals/nonprofits		\$30,579,984			\$30,579,984
Federal Crime Bill initiatives		\$17,184,852			\$17,184,852
Juvenile Accountability Block Grants				\$1,640,652	\$1,640,652
Investigating CJ issues		\$160,884			\$160,884
Total awards and grants	\$13,241	\$56,101,162	\$6,121,606	\$1,640,652	\$63,876,661
GRAND TOTAL	\$1,910,611	\$56,101,162	\$6,426,071	\$1,640,652	\$66,078,496

#### Allocation of funds



Federal grants to state agencies (including matching funds), local govs., non-profits - 80.21%

Motor vehicle grants/refunds - 9.26%

Authority federal grants/admin. (including matching funds)/ SANE program - 7.19%

Authority operations - 3.33%

#### Sources for expenditures



## **Publications**

Publications from the Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority are available free of charge by calling the Authority's Information Clearinghouse at (312) 793-8550, writing the Authority at 300 W. Adams Street, Chicago, Ill., 60606, or via e-mail: irc@icjia.state.il.us. Most publications may be downloaded from the website. All publications may be requested online at *www.icjia.state.il.us*. This list reflects materials published between July 1, 2007, and June 30, 2008.

#### Annual reports

- Illinois Criminal Justice Information Authority 2007 Annual Report (November 2007)
- Motor Vehicle Theft Prevention Council 2007 Annual Report (March 2008)
- Illinois Integrated Justice Information System 2007 Annual Report (March 2008)

### The Compiler

- Winter 2008: The response to domestic violence (December 2008)
- Summer 2007: Juvenile reform, specialized services help fuel fight against probation recidivism (September 2007)

#### **Program Evaluation Summary**

• Cook County pilot program seeks to reduce female DUI recidivism (December 2007)

#### Research at a Glance

• InfoNet dataset reveals Illinois domestic violence victim demographics trends (July 2007)

### **Research Brief**

• Child sex exploitation study probes extent of victimization in Illinois (January 2008)

### **Research Bulletins**

- Underreporting of violent victimization impedes justice, services (March 2008)
- State criminal justice survey seeks methods to stem drug use, violence (September 2007)

### **Research Reports**

- Juvenile Justice System and Risk Factor Data: 2005 Annual Report (June 2008)
- Implementation and Short-Term Impact Evaluation of the Lake County Adult Probation Department's Women's Specialized Services Program (June 2008)

- Final Implementation Evaluation Report for the Illinois Going Home Program (May 2008)
- Domestic sex trafficking of Chicago women and girls (May 2008)
- From Corrections to Community: The Juvenile Reentry Experience as Characterized by Multiple Systems Involvement (February 2008)
- The commercial sexual exploitation of children and youth in Illinois (January 2008)
- Analysis of InfoNet Data from Domestic Violence Agencies: Full Report (December 2007)
- A Primer on Drug Addiction, Crime, and Treatment (November 2007)
- Victim and Household Characteristics: Reporting violence to the Police. Illinois Crime Victimization Survey 2002 Data Analysis (December 2007)
- CLEAR and I-CLEAR: A Report on New Information Technology in Chicago and Illinois (October 2007)
- An Evaluation of the Cook County Community Based Transitional Services for Female Offenders Program (August 2007)

#### **Trends and Issues**

• Trends and Issues 2008: A profile of criminal and juvenile justice in Illinois (May 2008)



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